

LANDEWEDNACK COMPUTING CURRICULUM MAP

(LONG TERM PLAN FOR YEAR A and YEAR B).

Due to the changing structure of the classes and the fact that three of our classes bridge Key Stages, our long term planning is designed to ensure every child receives complete coverage of our

broad and challenging curriculum throughout their learning journey.

Puffins (R/1/2)	Choughs (3/4/5)	Razorb
A Google Classroom & Using Technology (Communicate & Collect) • Organise, store, manipulate and retrieve data in a range of digital formats. • Use simple databases to record information in areas across the curriculum. • Use a range of applications and devices in order to communicate ideas, work and messages. Typing • Recognise and find letters on a QWERTY keyboard. • Use shift key to create capital letters • Identify space bar, shift, enter, full stop.	A <u>Google Classroom & Using Technology (Communicate &</u> <u>Collect</u>) • Devise and construct databases using applications designed for this purpose in areas across the curriculum. • Use some of the advanced features of applications and devices in order to communicate ideas, work or messages professionally. Typing • Use correct finger placement when typing on a QWERTY keyboard. • Begin to type simple sentences without looking at the keys	Google Classroom & Using T <u>Coll</u> • Select appropriate applications to d and present it in an effective and pro • Choose the most suitable applicatio communication. • Use many of the advanced features professional or efficient communication Typing • Touch type 15-20 words per minute
<u>B</u> <u>Internet Safety (Connect)</u> • Communicate safely and respectfully online, keeping personal information private and recognise common uses of information technology beyond school. • Participate in class social media accounts. • Understand online risks and the age rules for sites.	<u>B</u> <u>Internet Safety (Connect)</u> • Contribute to blogs that are moderated by teachers. • Give examples of the risks posed by online communications. • Understand the term 'copyright'. • Understand that comments made online that are hurtful or offensive are the same as bullying. • Understand how online services work.	 <u>Internet Safe</u> Collaborate with others online or teac Give examples of the risks of online knowledge of how to minimise risk ar Understand and demonstrate knowl copyrighted material, including music permission, from the copyright holder Understand the effect of online comsensitivity when online. Understand how simple networks and
C Code (Beebots, Logo & Scratch) UNITS: Programming Toys; Programming with Scratch Jr; Preparing for Turtle Logo; Children understand what algorithms are, how they are implemented as programs on digital devices, and that programs execute by following precise and unambiguous instructions. They create, debug and use logical reasoning to predict the behaviour of simple programs.	C <u>Code (Logo & Scratch)</u> UNITS: Programming Turtle Logo; Scratch: Questions & Quizzes Children design, write and debug programs that accomplish specific goals, including controlling or simulating physical systems; they solve problems by decomposing them into smaller parts. They use sequence, selection, and repetition in programs and work with variables and various forms of input and output. They use logical reasoning to explain how some simple algorithms work and to detect and correct errors in algorithms and programs.	Code (S UNITS: Developing Ga Children design, write and debug pro including controlling or simulating phi by decomposing them into smaller pa and repetition in programs and work input and output. They use logical rea algorithms work and to detect and co programs.
 Children can: a give commands one at a time to control direction and movement, including straight, forwards, backwards, turn; b control the nature of events: repeat, loops, single events and add and delete features; c give a set of instructions to follow and predict what will happen; d improve/change their sequence of commands by debugging; use key vocabulary to demonstrate knowledge and understanding in this strand: algorithm, instruction, order, debug, program, turn, left, right, clockwise, anticlockwise, blocks, sequence, project, repeat, repeat forever, invisible, grow, shrink. 	 Children can: a use logical thinking to solve an open-ended problem by breaking it up into smaller parts; b write a program, putting commands into a sequence to achieve a specific outcome; c give a set of instructions to follow and predict what will happen; d keep testing a program and recognise when it needs to be debugged; e use variables to create an effect, e.g. repetition, if, when, loop; use key vocabulary to demonstrate knowledge and understanding in this strand: decompose, decomposing, logical sequence, flowchart, sprite, block, command, algorithm, answer, correct, errors, program, algorithm, instructions, commands, forward (fd), left (lt), right (rt), move, turn, clear 	 Children can: a use external triggers and infir b follow a sequence of instructia a flowchart using symbols; c use conditional statements an d decompose a problem into sralgorithm for a specific outcome e keep testing a program be debugged; use key vocabulary to demonstrate k strand: flowchart, algorithm, control, process, decision, loop, backdrop, scr sequence, consequence, debug, program
D&T • Model designs using software.	 screen (cs), variable. D&T Control and monitor models using software designed for this purpose. 	 D&T Write code to control and monitor r

rbills	<u>(5/6)</u>

Α Technology (Communicate & ollect) devise, construct and manipulate data rofessional manner.

tions and devices for the purposes of

es in order to create high quality, ations.

ite.

В

afety (Connect)

on sites approved and moderated by achers.

ine communities and demonstrate and report problems.

wledge that it is illegal to download sic or games, without express written ler.

omments and show responsibility and

are set up and used.

<u>C</u> (Scratch)

Games; Animating Stories

rograms that accomplish specific goals, physical systems; they solve problems parts. They use sequence, selection, rk with variables and various forms of reasoning to explain how some simple correct errors in algorithms and

finite loops to demonstrate control; ictions, e.g. in a flowchart and modify

and edit variables;

smaller parts to design an ne and use this to write a program; m and recognise when it needs to

knowledge and understanding in this ol, output, symbol, start, stop, delay, script, block, repeat, commentary, ogram, Kodu, world, object, tool ooth, flatten, raise

models or products.

Google Classroom

- Logging in
 Creating folders and documents
 Sharing folders and documents
 Learning to join a meet
 Use Google Docs
 Use Google Sheets
 Use Google Slides
 Organising files and folders.